# Supporting Information 

# A New Ascochlorin Glycoside from Brittlestar-derived 

Fungus Acremonium sp. and Its Biological Activities

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Figure S1: HR-ESI-MS spectrum of acremonoside (1)


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Figure S3: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1) (Enlarged)



Figure S4: ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1) © 2024 ACG Publications. All rights reserved.


Figure S5: HSQC ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1)


Figure S6: $\mathrm{HSQC}\left(500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right)$ spectrum of acremonoside $(\mathbf{1})\left(\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 0.4-2.7, \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 5-55\right)$
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Figure S7: HSQC ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1) ( $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.7-5.7, \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 55-126$ )


Figure S8: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{COSY}\left(500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right)$ spectrum of acremonoside (1)


Figure S9: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}^{-1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{COSY}\left(500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right)$ spectrum of acremonoside (1) $\left(\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 0.5-5.5, \delta_{\mathrm{H}} 0.2-\right.$

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Figure S10: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{COSY}\left(500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right)$ spectrum of acremonoside (1) $\left(\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 0.5-5.5, \delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.8-\right.$ 5.8)
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Figure S11: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{COSY}\left(500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right)$ spectrum of acremonoside (1) $\left(\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.9-4.0, \delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.9-\right.$


Figure S12: $\mathrm{HMBC}\left(500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right.$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1)
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Figure S13: HMBC ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1) ( $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 0.3-2.7, \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 5-58$ )


Figure S14:MBC ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1) ( $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 0.3-2.7, \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 70-166$ )


Figure S15: HMBC ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1) ( $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 0.3-2.7, \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 155-220$ )


Figure S16: $\mathrm{HMBC}\left(500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right)$ spectrum of acremonoside (1) ( $\left.\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.8-5.8, \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 5-90\right)$


Figure S17: HMBC ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1) $\left(\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.9-4.7, \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 95-167\right)$


Figure S18: HMBC ( $\left.500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right)$ spectrum of acremonoside (1) $\left(\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 4.75-6.0, \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 5-130\right)$


Figure S19: $\mathrm{HMBC}\left(500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right)$ spectrum of acremonoside (1) $\left(\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 9.6-10.6, \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 110-200\right)$


Figure S20: NOESY ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1)
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Figure S21: NOESY ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1) $\left(\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 0.5-5.0, \delta_{\mathrm{H}} 0.4-2.7\right)$


Figure S22: NOESY ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of acremonoside (1) $\left(\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 0.5-5.5, \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\right.$ 2.9-4.6)


Figure S23: Linear correlation plots of experimental (1) versus calculated isomers (12S-1 and $12 R-1){ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR chemical shifts
Note : Density functional theory methods were employed to facilitate ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ chemical shift assignments of $\mathbf{1}$. Conformational analyses were carried out by random searching with an energy cutoff of $7 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$ using the Schrödinger MacroModel software package. The MMFF94 force field was employed. The conformers were optimized in the gas phase at the PCM (solvent = methanol) B3LYP-GD3BJ/6-31G(d) level using the Gaussian 16 program. NMR chemical shifts of $12 R-\mathbf{1}$ and $12 S-\mathbf{1}$ were calculated by the GIAO method at the mpw1pw91/6-31+G(d, p) level of theory in the methanol. The computational ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR data were obtained by linear regression.


Figure S24: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of $\mathbf{2}$


Figure S25: ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of 2
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Figure S26: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of $\mathbf{3}$


Figure S27: ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of $\mathbf{3}$
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Figure S28: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of $\mathbf{4}$


Figure S29: ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of $\mathbf{4}$
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Figure S30: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of 5


Figure S31: ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of 5
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Figure S32: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ spectrum of 6


Figure S33: ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ spectrum of 6
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Figure S34: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{NMR}\left(500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ spectrum of 7


Figure S35: ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of 7
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Figure S36: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ spectrum of $\mathbf{8}$


Figure S37: ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of $\mathbf{8}$


Figure S38: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of 9


Figure S39: ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) spectrum of 9
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Figure S40: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of $\mathbf{1 0}$


Figure S41: ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ ) spectrum of $\mathbf{1 0}$

Table S1 : Inhibitory effects of yeast $\alpha$-glucosidase at the concentration of 10 mM

| Compounds | Inhibitory rate (\%) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 62.7 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 6.1 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 26.6 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 59.9 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 54.6 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 56.1 |
| Acarbose $^{\text {a }}$ | 95.5 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ positive control, the inhibitory rate was determined at the concentration of $4 \mu \mathrm{M}$.
Table S2 : Inhibitory activities of compounds 1-10 against tumor cells at the concentration of $40 \mu \mathrm{M}$

| Compounds | Inhibitory rate (\%) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DLD1 | SW1990 | PANC1 |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 54.8 | 59.1 | 37.9 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 16.2 | 66.1 | 3.3 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 6.0 | 57.7 | 26.6 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 76.7 | 67.6 | 60.5 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 72.2 | 67.7 | 64.3 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 13.3 | 66.3 | 35.8 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 66.2 | 65.5 | 51.1 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 69.2 | 67.9 | 49.3 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 19.4 | 72.1 | 35.2 |

[^0]Table S3 : Antibacterial activities of compounds 1-10

|  | MIC ( $\mu \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{mL}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| compounds | Actinomyces <br> viscosus | Staphylococcus <br> epidermidis | Bacillus <br> subtilis | MASR | Staphylococcus <br> aureus | Micrococcus <br> luteus |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 31.25 | 15.625 | 62.500 | - | 125.000 | - |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 7.81 | 3.90 | 3.90 u 0 | 62.500 | 7.810 | 3.90 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 7.81 | 7.81 | 7.810 | 7.810 | 15.6250 | 3.90 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 1.95 | 1.95 | 3.900 | 15.6250 | 7.810 | 7.81 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 1.95 | 3.90 | 7.810 | - | 15.6250 | 62.5 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 62.5 | 31.25 | 31.250 | 62.50 | 62.50 | 31.25 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 1.95 | 1.95 | 1.950 | 31.250 | 3.900 | 7.81 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 7.81 | 7.81 | 7.810 | 31.250 | 7.81 | 15.625 |

- no inhibitory activity at the concentration of $125 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$. MRSA Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ positive control
Filtered By:

| Similarity: | $95-98,80-84$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of Components: | 1 |



Structure Match: Similarity

## Search Tasks

| Task | Search Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| Exported: Returned Substance Results + Filters (16) | Substances |

Figure S43: Scifinder Search report for compound 1 (exact match)

CAS 登：Scifinder＂

| Substances（4） |  |  |  |  |  | View in SciFinder ${ }^{\text {n }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Similarity Score： 99 |  | 2 | Similarity Score： 83 |  | 3 | Simil | Score： 83 |
| 765956－86－3 |  |  | 165187－17－7 |  |  | 2111912－99－1 |  |  |
| Absolut Doubl |  <br> tereochemistry ond geometry | own <br> wn |  <br> Absolute Double | reochemistry <br> otation（＋） <br> nd geometry | wn， <br> wn |  $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{31} \mathrm{ClO}_{6}$ |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{43} \mathrm{ClO}_{10}$ <br> 3－Chloro－4，6－ <br> 4R）－3－methyl <br> ranosyl）oxy］－5 <br> 3－oxocyclohe <br> dehyde | ydroxy－2－m <br> （ $4-O$－methy <br> $(1 S, 2 R, 6 R)-$ <br> ］－2－penten－ | hyl－5－［（2E， <br> －D－glucopy <br> 6－trimethyl－ <br> l］benzal | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{39} \mathrm{ClO}_{6} \\ & (1 R, 2 E)-4-(3-\mathrm{Ch} \\ & \text { dihydroxy-4-m } \\ & {[[(1 S, 2 R, 6 R)-1,2} \\ & \text { ohexyl]methyl] } \\ & \text { tanoate } \end{aligned}$ | o－5－formy hylphenyl） trimethyl－ －buten－1－y | 6－ methyl－1－ xocycl methylbu | 3－Chloro－4，6－ <br> （hydroxymeth oxocyclohexy methylbenzal | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ydroxy-5-[4- } \\ & \text {-5-(1,2,6-trin } \\ & \text { 2-penten-1-y } \\ & \text { hyde } \end{aligned}$ | droxy－3－ thyl－3－ 2－ |
| 2 <br> References | 』 0 <br> Reactions | $\text { 1. } 0$ <br> Suppliers | ［1 4 <br> References | $\text { 』 } 1$ <br> Reaction | 1 <br> Supplier | Fi 0 <br> References | 』 0 <br> Reactions | le 1 <br> Supplier |

1214976－02－9 Similarity Score： 83

Table S4: Comparison of NMR data between $\mathbf{1}$ and vertihemipterin A

| Position | 1 in $\mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ |  | Vertihemipterin A in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\delta_{\text {C }}$ (type) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \delta_{\mathrm{H}} \text { (multiplicity, } J \\ & \text { in } \mathrm{Hz} \text { ) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\delta_{\text {C }}$ (type) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}}($ multiplicity, J in Hz ) |
| 1 | 114.3 (C) |  | 113.5 (C) |  |
| 2 | 161.5 (C) |  | 162.0 (C) |  |
| 3 | 113.6 (C) |  | 113.3 (C) |  |
| 4 | 159.3 (C) |  | 156.2 (C) |  |
| 5 | 112.4 (C) |  | 113.3 (C) |  |
| 6 | 138.3 (C) |  | 138.3 (C) |  |
| 7 | $13.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | 2.55 (s) | $14.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | 2.60 (s) |
| 8 | 193.2 (C) |  | 193.3 (C) |  |
| 9 | $21.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | 3.40 (dd, 13.5, 8) | $21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | 3.40 (m) ; 3.37 (m) |
| 10 | 125.0 (CH) | 5.57 (t, 7.5) | 124.4 (CH) | 5.41 (t, 7.0) |
| 11 | 137.2 (C) |  | 138.3 (C) |  |
| 12 | 83.0 (CH) | 4.16 (t, 6.0) | 85.1 (CH) | 6.42 (dd, 6.1, 4.2) |
| 13 | $39.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.77 \text { (dd, } 15.5,6.0) ; \\ & 1.50(\mathrm{dd}, 15.5,5.0) \end{aligned}$ | $40.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.85(\mathrm{dd}, 15.6,6.6) ; 1.4(\mathrm{dd}, \\ & 15.6,3.9) \end{aligned}$ |
| 14 | 43.7 (C) |  | 44.0 (C) |  |
| 15 | 36.0 (CH) | 2.21 (m) | 36.5 (CH) | 2.22 (m) |
| 16 | $30.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.79(\mathrm{~m}) ; 1.50(\mathrm{dq}, \\ & 12.5,5.0) \end{aligned}$ | $31.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | 1.80 (m); 1.57 (dq, 13.0, 5.4) |
| 17 | $41.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | 2.18 (m); 2.12 (m) | $41.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.28 \text { (ddd, 13.5, 5.4, 2.4); } 2.21 \\ & (\mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ |
| 18 | 215.4 (C) |  | 213.8 (C) |  |
| 19 | 50.1 (CH) | 2.59 (q, 7.0) | 50.4 (CH) | 2.53 (q, 6.7) |
| 20 | 14.6 ( $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | 0.51 (s) | $15.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | 0.57 (s) |
| 21 | $14.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | 0.97 (d, 6.5) | $15.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | 0.98 (d, 6.7) |
| 22 | $7.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | 0.69 (d, 7.0) | $8.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | 0.77 (d, 6.7) |
| 23 | $10.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | 1.83 (s) | $11.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | 1.82 (s) |
| $1^{\prime}$ | 99.4 (CH) | 4.45 (brs) | 101.9 (CH) | 4.22 (d, 7.9) |
| $2^{\prime}$ | 71.4 (CH) | 3.82 (d 3.0) | 74.1 (CH) | 3.38 (m) |
| $3^{\prime}$ | 74.2 (CH) | 3.37 (dd, 9.5, 3.0) | 76.7 (CH) | 3.56 (t, 8.8) |
| $4^{\prime}$ | 66.7 (CH) | 3.59 (t, 9.5) | 79.9 (CH) | 3.08 (dd, 9.5, 8.7) |
| 5' | 76.6 (CH) | $\begin{aligned} & 2.97 \text { (ddd, } 9.5,5.0, \\ & 3.0 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 75.2 (CH) | 3.14 (ddd, 9.5, 5.7, 2.8) |
| $6^{\prime}$ | $61.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | 3.69 (dd, 11.5, 3.0); | $62.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ | 3.79 (dd, 11.6, 2.7) |
|  |  | 3.65 (dd, 11.5, 5.0) |  | 3.64 (dd, 11.6, 5.7) |
| $4^{\prime}-\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ |  |  | $60.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ | 3.55 (s) |


[^0]:    - inactive. DLD1 human colorectal carcinoma cells DLD1. SW1990 pancreatic cancer cell line SW1990. PANC1 pancreatic cancer cell line PANC1.

