

Supporting Information

Rec. Nat. Prod. 16:6 (2023) 1090-1094

5,6-Dihydroxypteranoflavone, a New Flavonoid with an Oxidized Prenyl Group from Dietary plant *Citrus hystrix*

Jin-Rui Zhang^{1,3}, Fu-Jin-Wen Li^{2*} and Long-Teng Cui^{1*}

¹ School of Physical Education, Yunnan Minzu University, Kunming 650031, P.R. China.

² Yunnan Association of Minority Sports, Kunming 650500, P.R. China.

³ School of Physical Education, Neijiang Normal University, Neijiang 641100, P.R. China.

Table of Contents	Page
Figure S1: The HR-ESI-MS spectrum of 1	3
Figure S2: The ESI-MS spectrum of 1	3
Figure S3: The ¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) spectrum of 1	4
Figure S4: The ¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl ₃) spectrum of 1	4
Figure S5: The ¹³ C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) spectrum of 1	5
Figure S6: The ¹³ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl ₃) spectrum of 1	5
Figure S7: The ¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl ₃) spectrum of synthetic 1	6
Figure S8: The ¹³ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl ₃) spectrum of synthetic 1	6
Figure S9: The ¹³ C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) spectrum of 1 (From δ _C 120 to 150 ppm)	7
Figure S10: The HSQC spectrum of 1	7
Figure S11: The HSQC spectrum of 1 (From δ _C 100 to 140 ppm)	8
Figure S12: The ¹ H- ¹ H COSY spectrum of 1	8
Figure S13: The ¹ H- ¹ H COSY of H-1"/H-2", H-2'(6')/H-3'(5'), and H-2'(6')/H-4' of 1	9
Figure S14: The HMBC spectrum of 1	9
Figure S15: The HMBC correlations of 5-OH to C-5, C-6 and C-10 of 1	10
Figure S16: The HMBC correlations of CH ₃ -4"/5" to C-3" and C-2" of 1	10
Figure S17: The HMBC correlations of CH-1" to C-7, C-8 and C-9 of 1	11
Figure S18: The HMBC correlations of CH-3 to C-2, C-4, C-10 and C-1' of 1	11
Figure S19: The ¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, CD ₃ OD) spectrum of 2	12
Figure S20: The ¹³ C NMR (100 MHz, CD ₃ OD) spectrum of 2	12
Figure S21: The ¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, CD ₃ OD) spectrum of 3	13
Figure S22: The ¹³ C NMR (100 MHz, CD ₃ OD) spectrum of 3	13
Figure S23: The ¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, CD ₃ OD) spectrum of 4	14
Figure S24: The ¹³ C NMR (100 MHz, CD ₃ OD) spectrum of 4	14
Figure S25: The image of the <i>Citrus hystrix</i>	15
Figure S26: The exact search report from scifinder of 1	15
Figure S27: The 95%-98% similarity search report from scifinder of 1	16

Figure S28: The 94%-95% similarity search report from scifinder of 1	17
Table S1: ¹ H and ¹³ C NMR Data of Compound 1 and 5,6,4'-trihydroxypyranoflavone	17
S1: Synthesis of 5,6-dihydroxypyranoflavone (1)	18
S2: DPPH Radical scavenging assays	18
S3: ABTS Radical scavenging assay	18

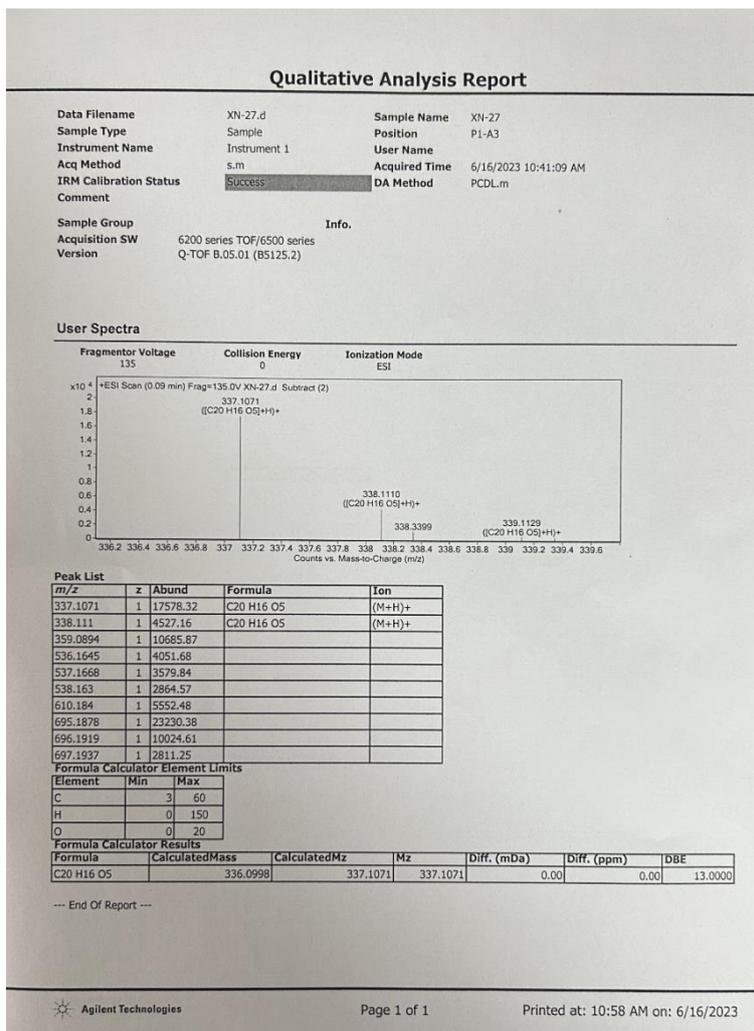


Figure S1: The HR-ESI-MS spectrum of 1

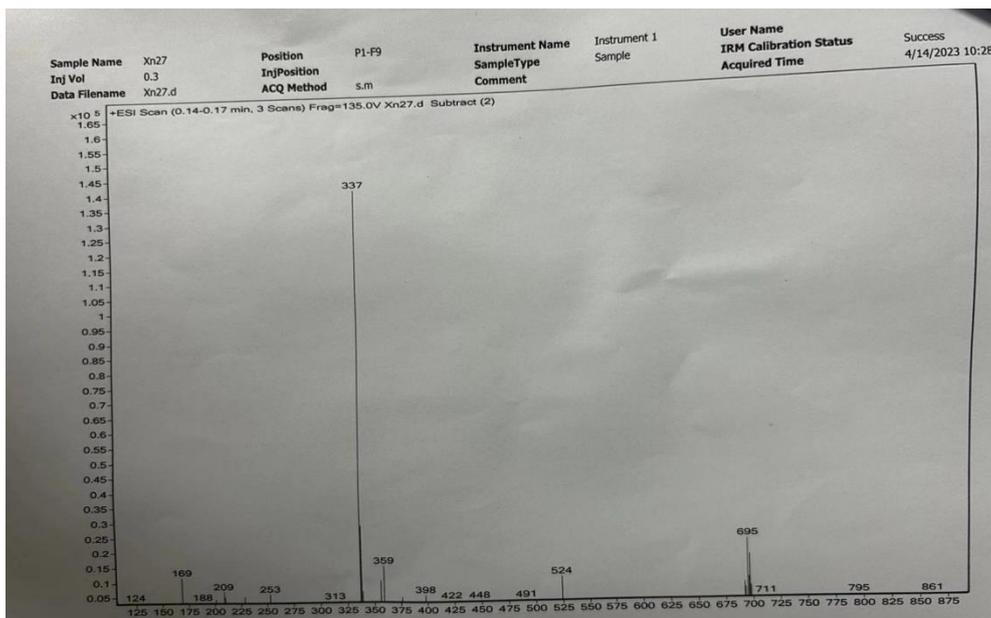


Figure S2: The ESI-MS spectrum of 1

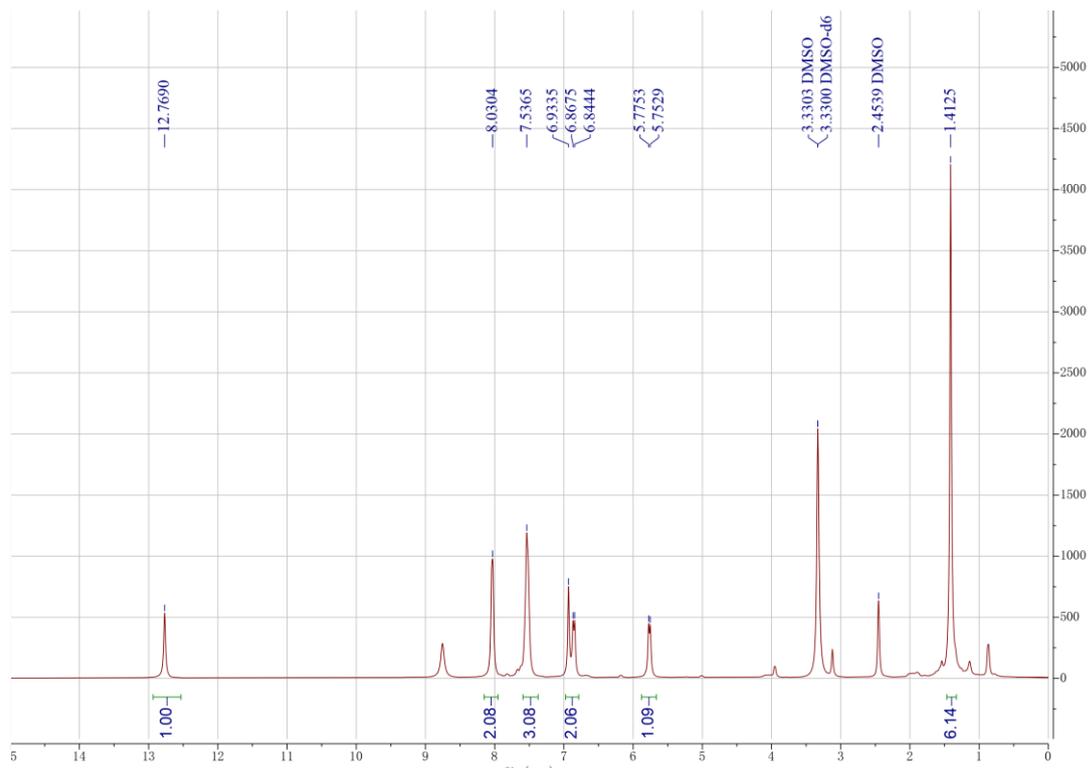


Figure S3: The $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of **1**

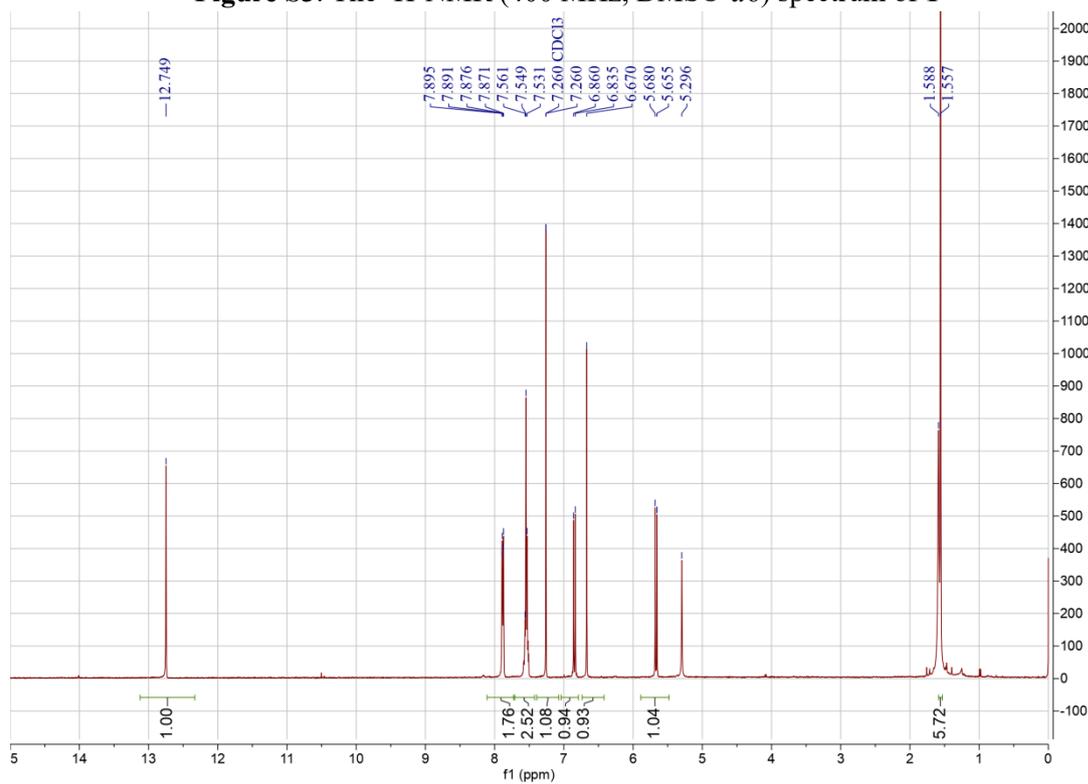


Figure S4: The $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) spectrum of **1**

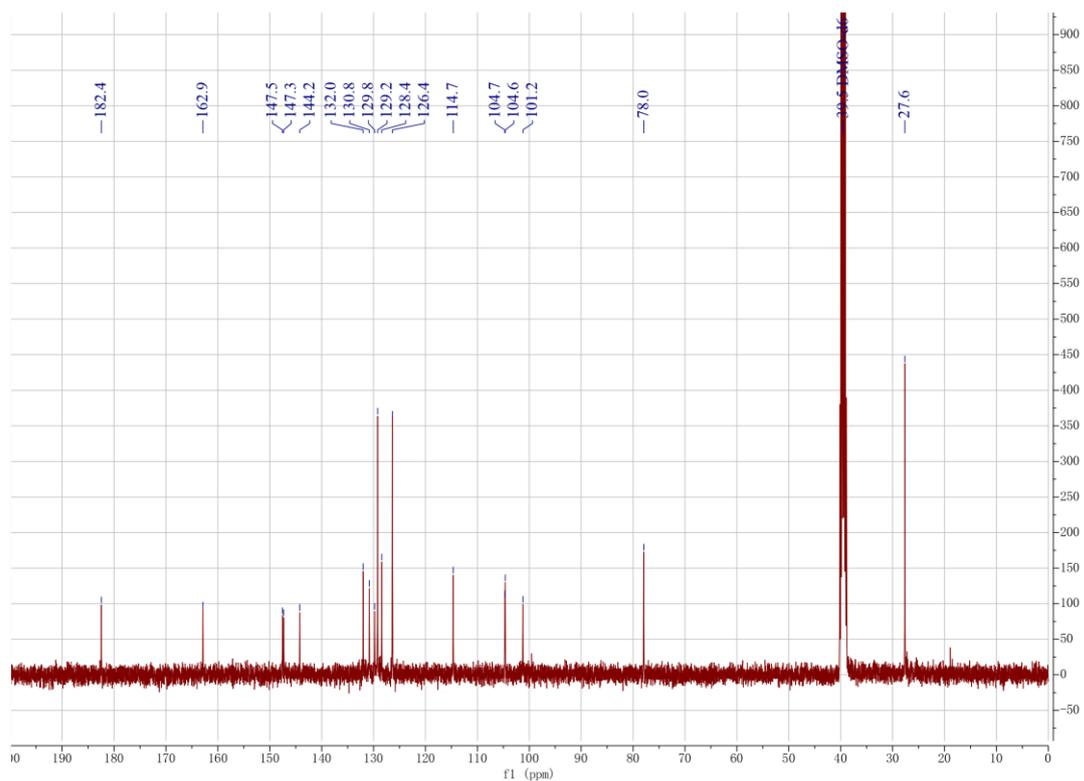


Figure S5: The ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of **1**

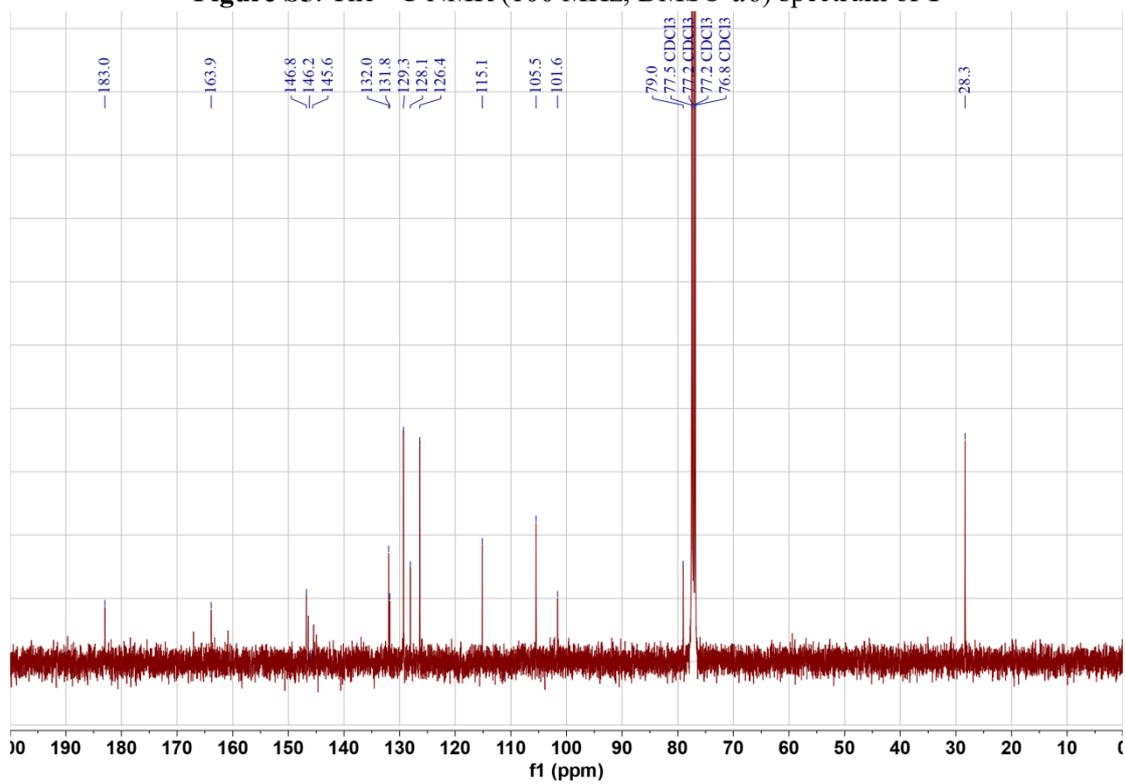


Figure S6: The ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) spectrum of **1**

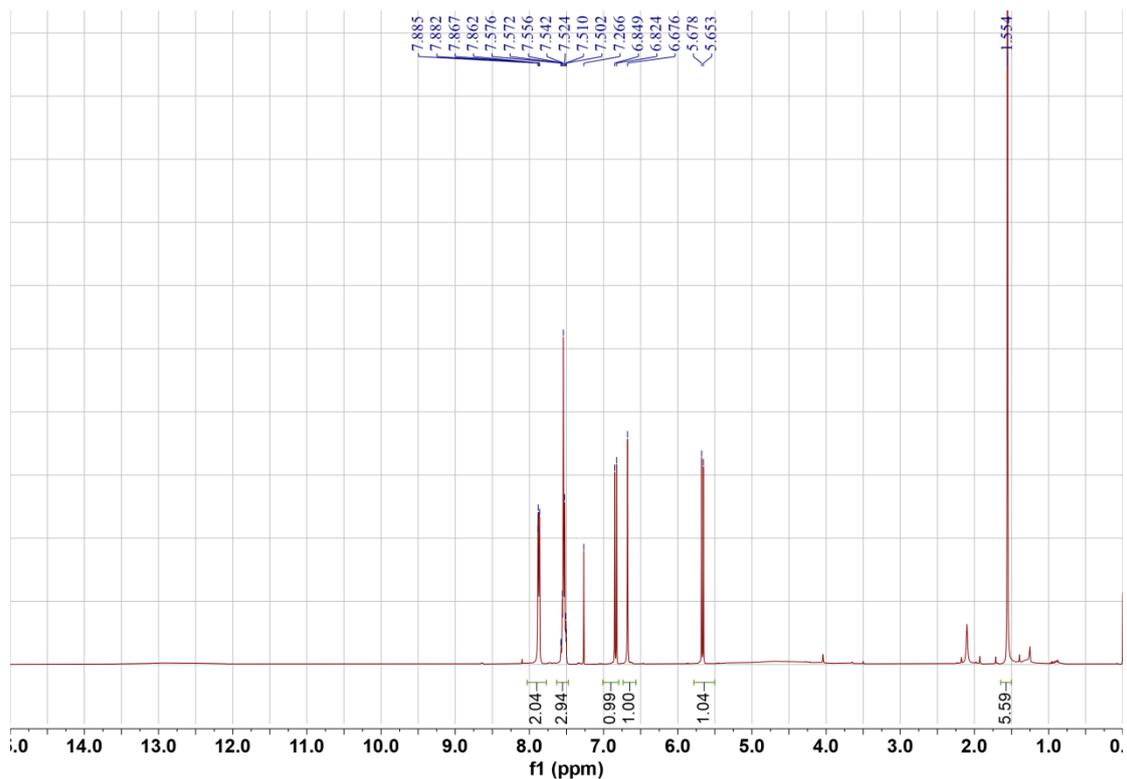


Figure S7: The ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) spectrum of synthetic **1**

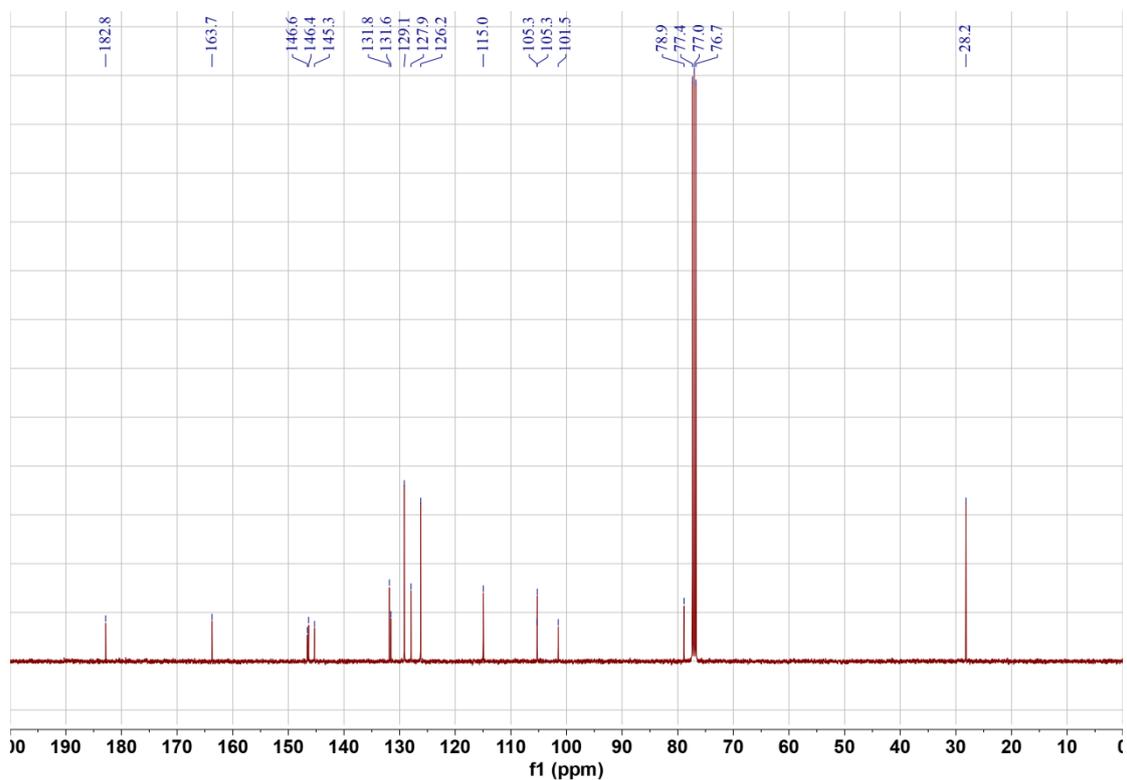


Figure S8: The ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) spectrum of synthetic **1**

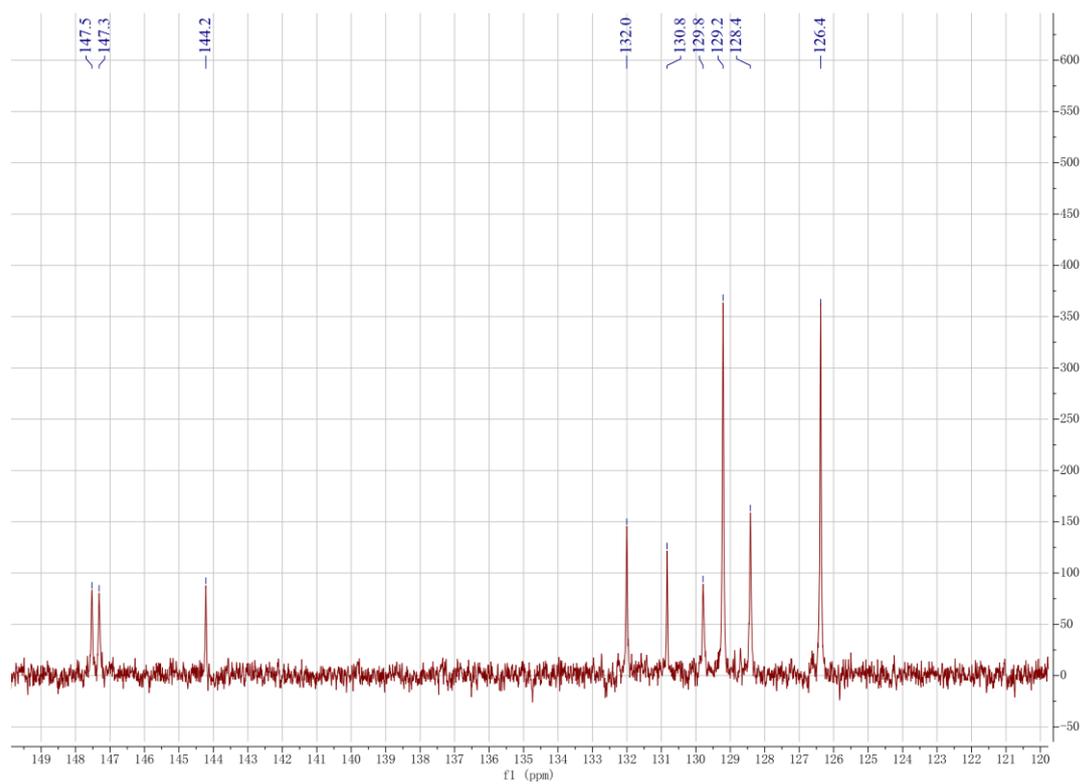


Figure S9: The ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of **1** (From δ_{C} 120 to 150 ppm)

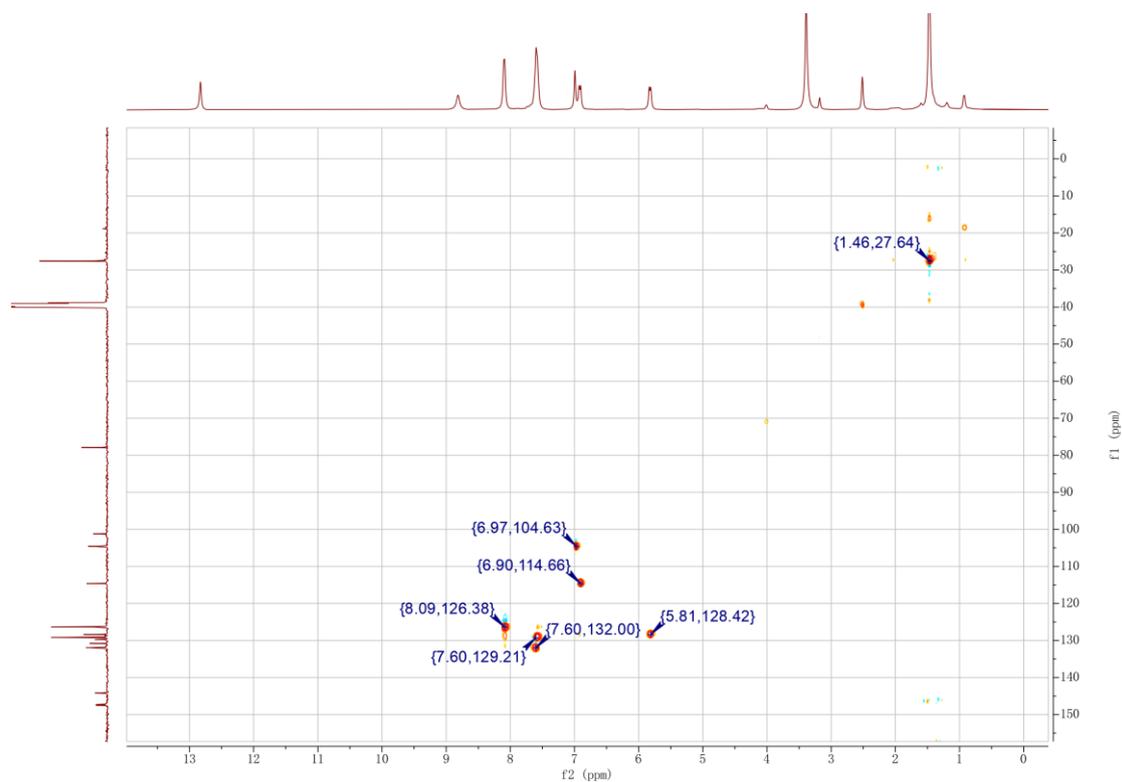


Figure S10: The HSQC spectrum of **1**

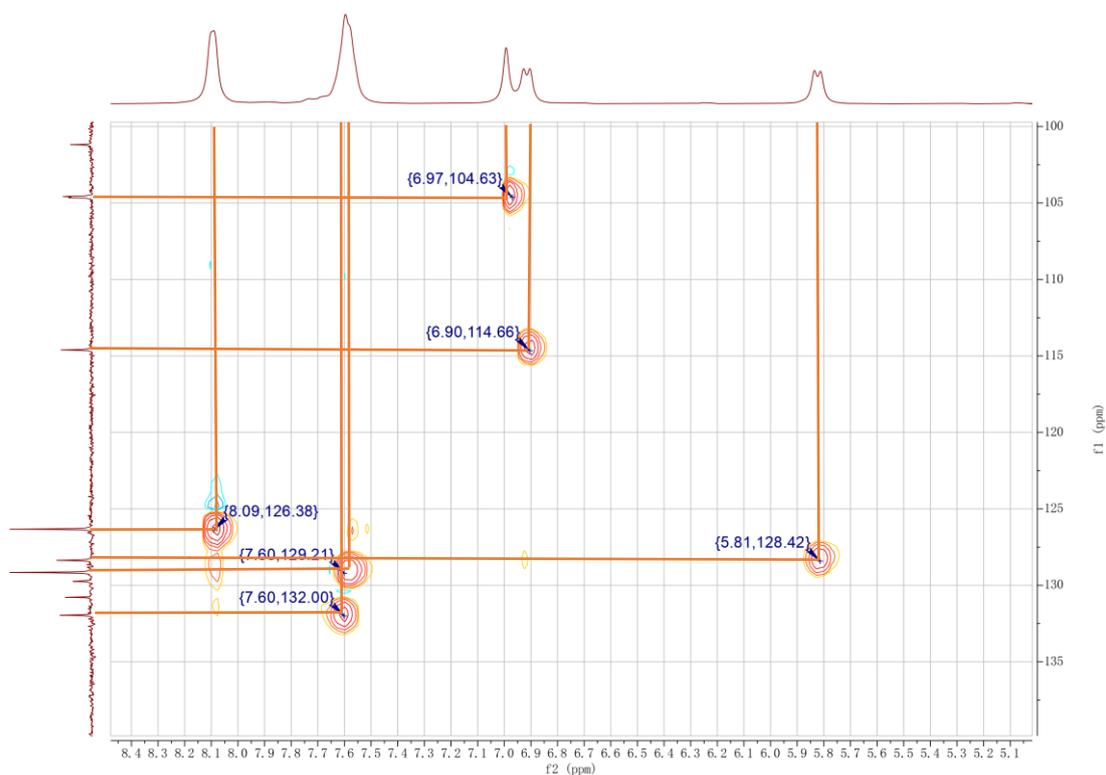


Figure S11: The HSQC spectrum of **1** (From δ_C 100 to 140 ppm)

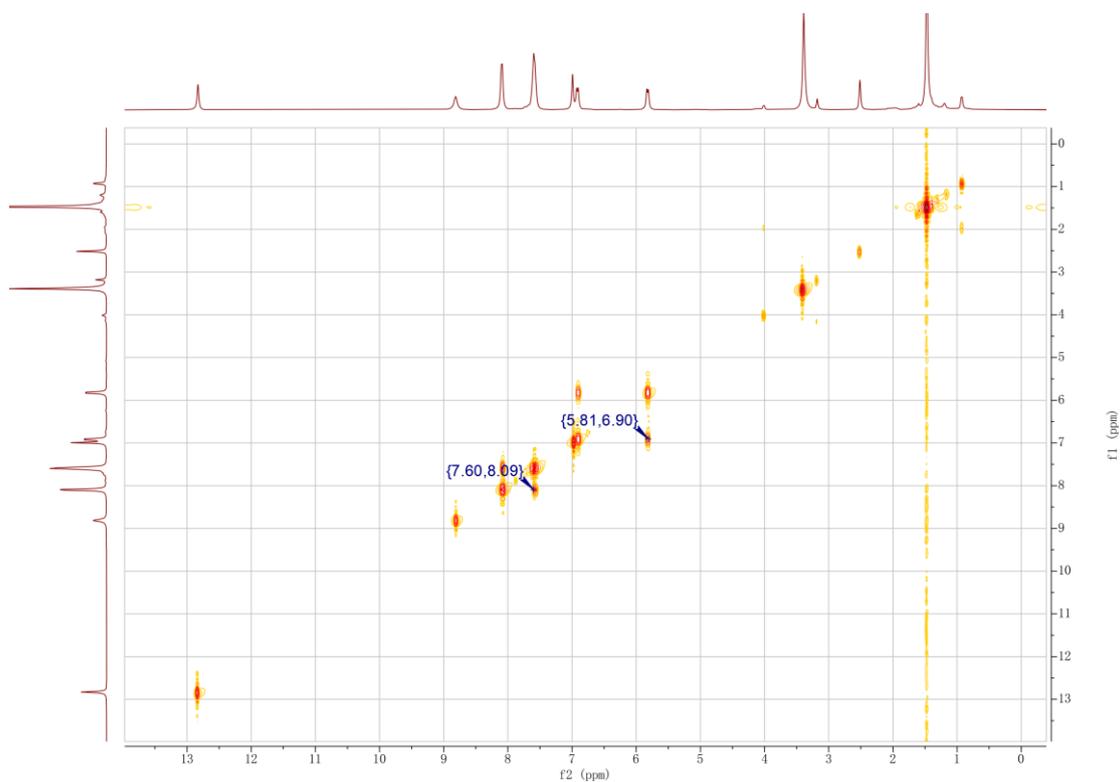


Figure S12: The ^1H - ^1H COSY spectrum of **1**

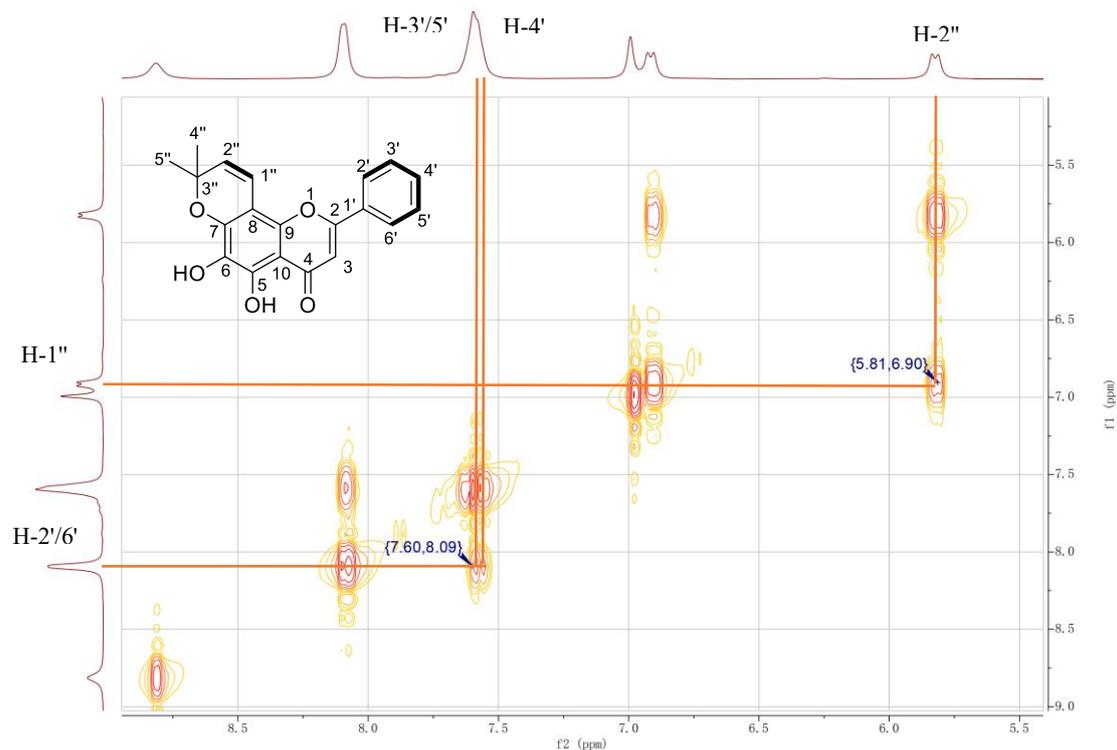


Figure S13: The ^1H - ^1H COSY of H-1''/H-2'', H-2'(6')/H-3'(5'), and H-2'(6')/H-4' of **1**

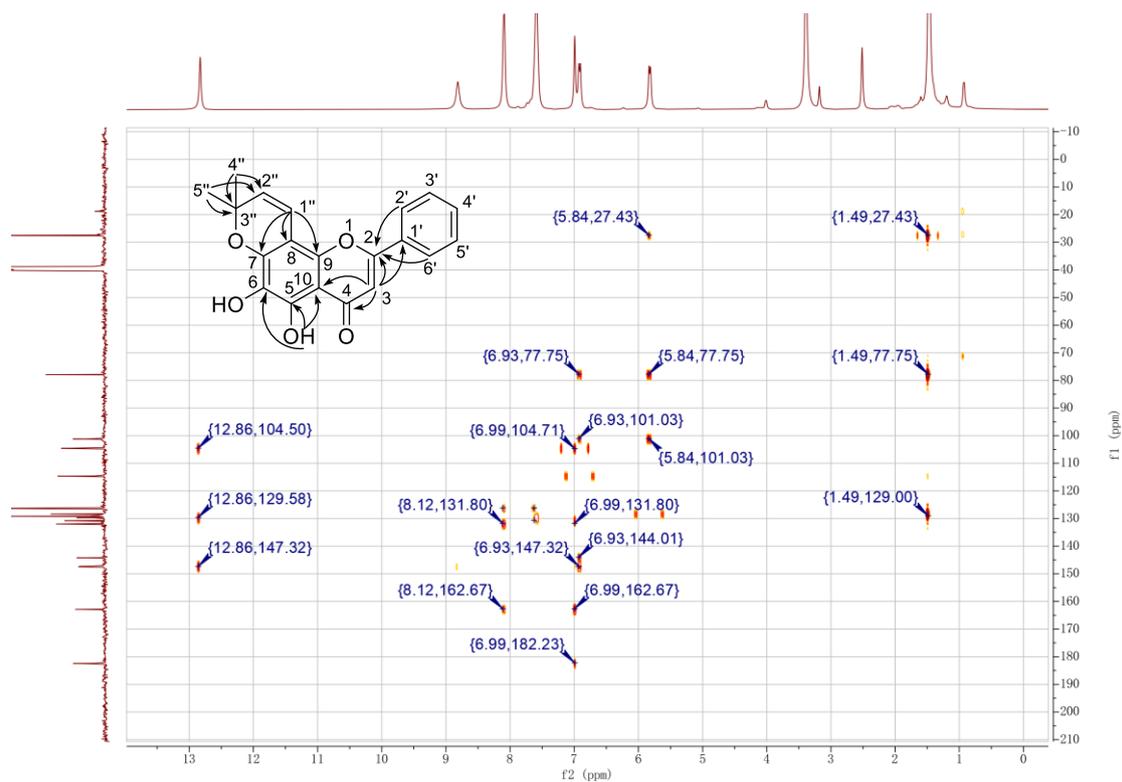
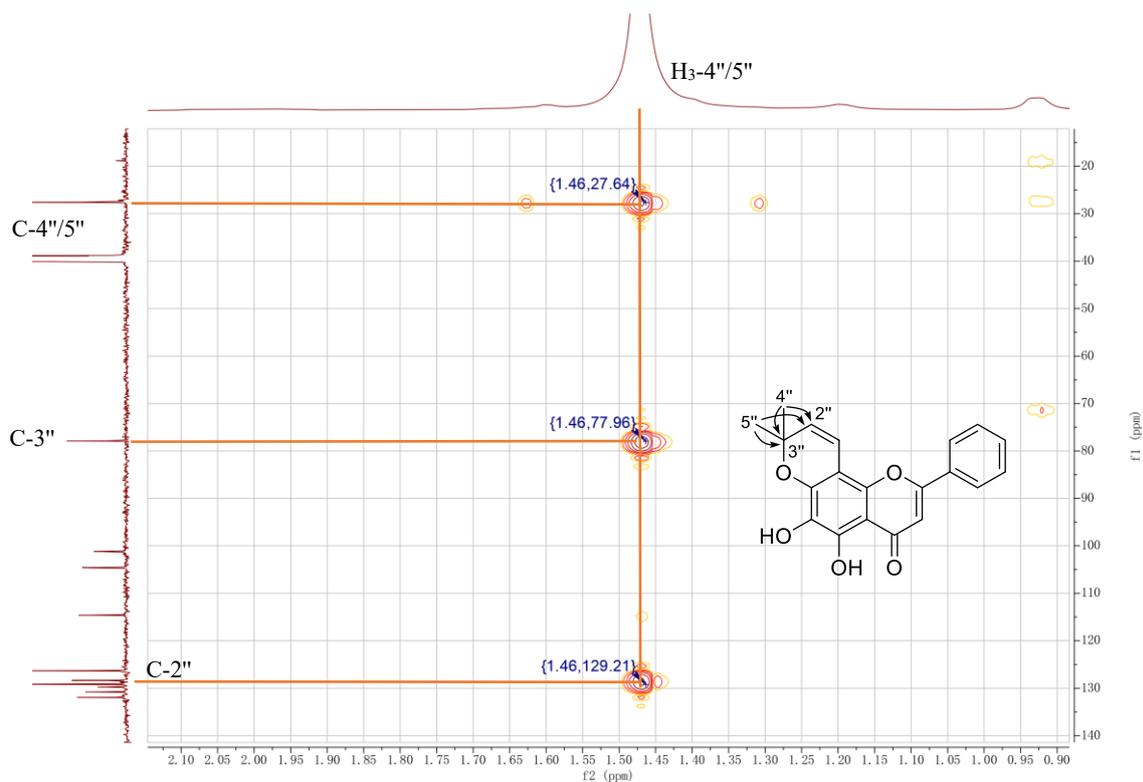
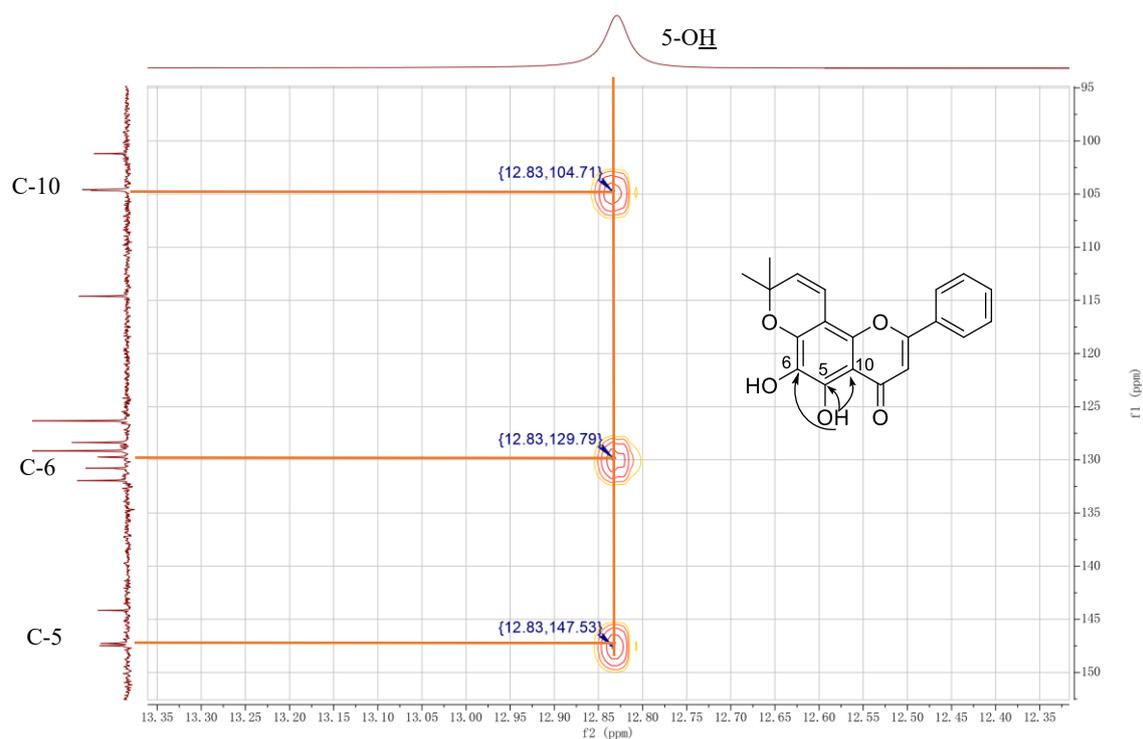


Figure S14: The HMBC spectrum of **1**



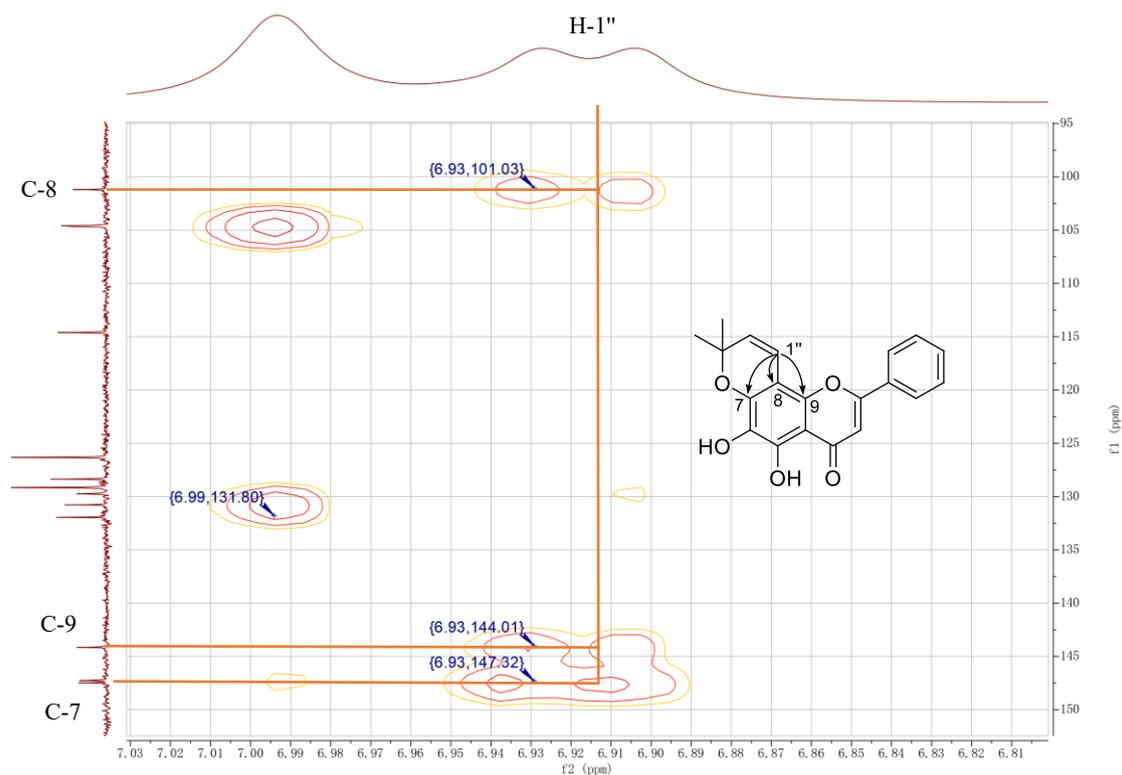


Figure S17: The HMBC correlations of CH-1'' to C-7, C-8 and C-9 of **1**

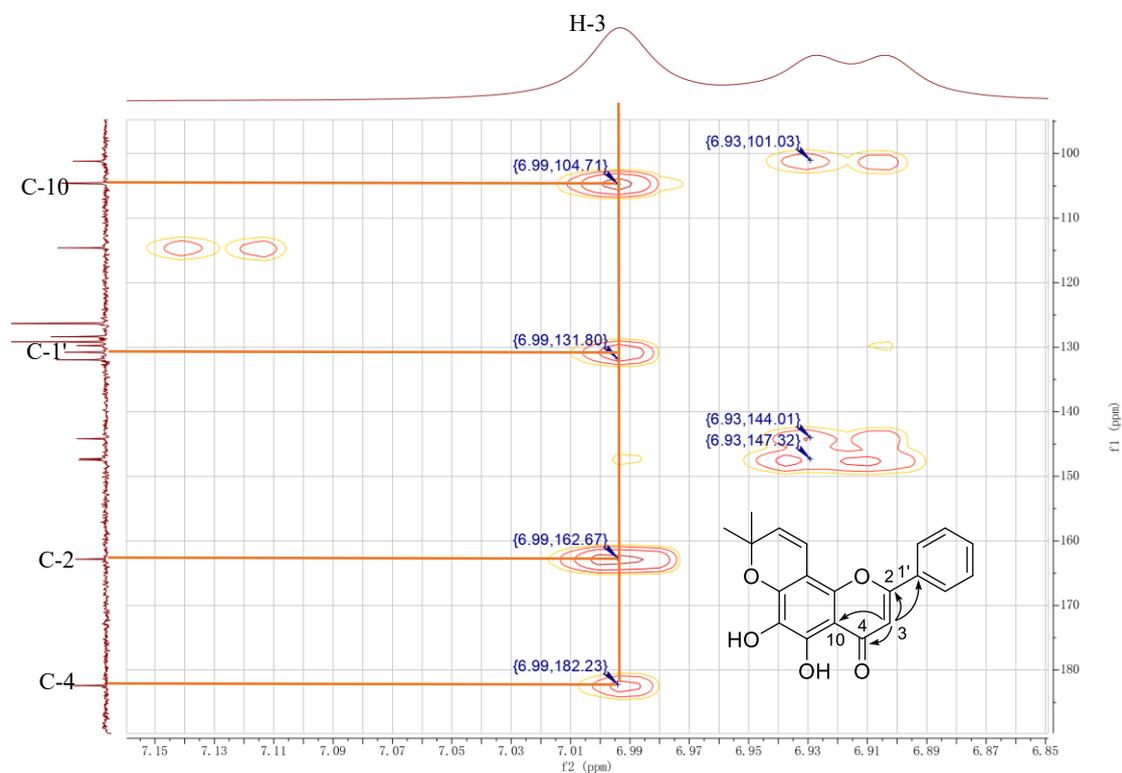


Figure S18: The HMBC correlations of CH-3 to C-2, C-4, C-10 and C-1' of **1**

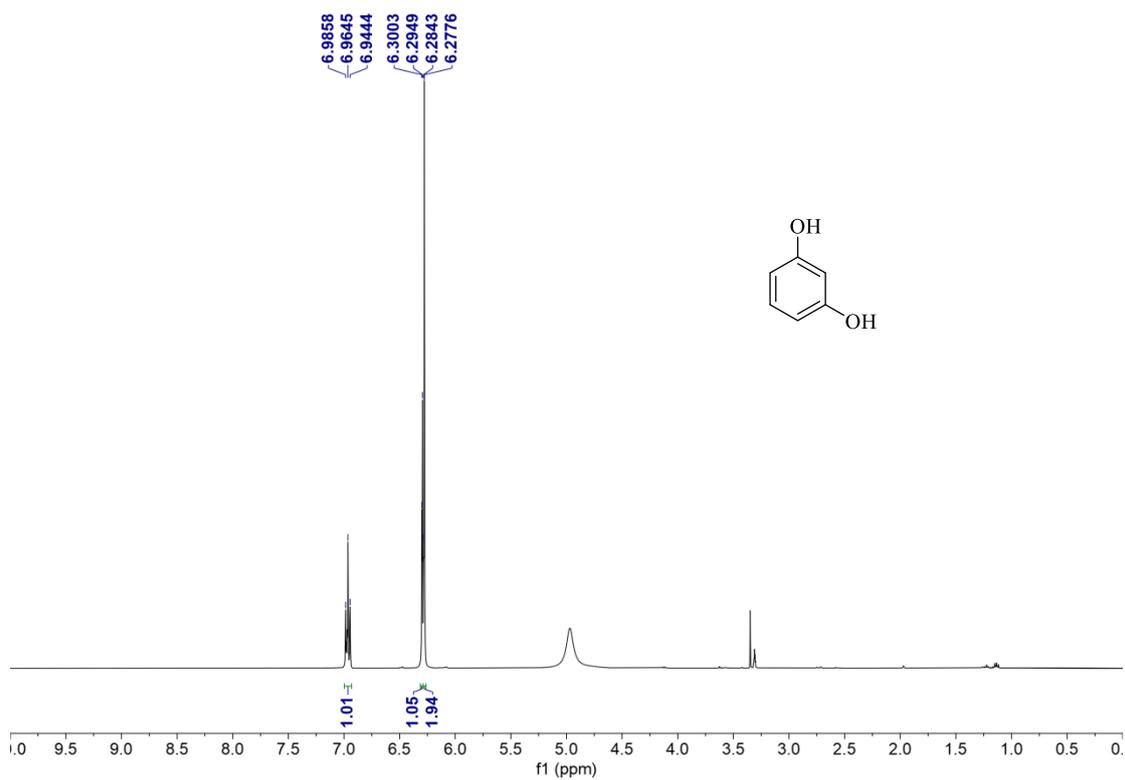


Figure S19: The ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of **2**

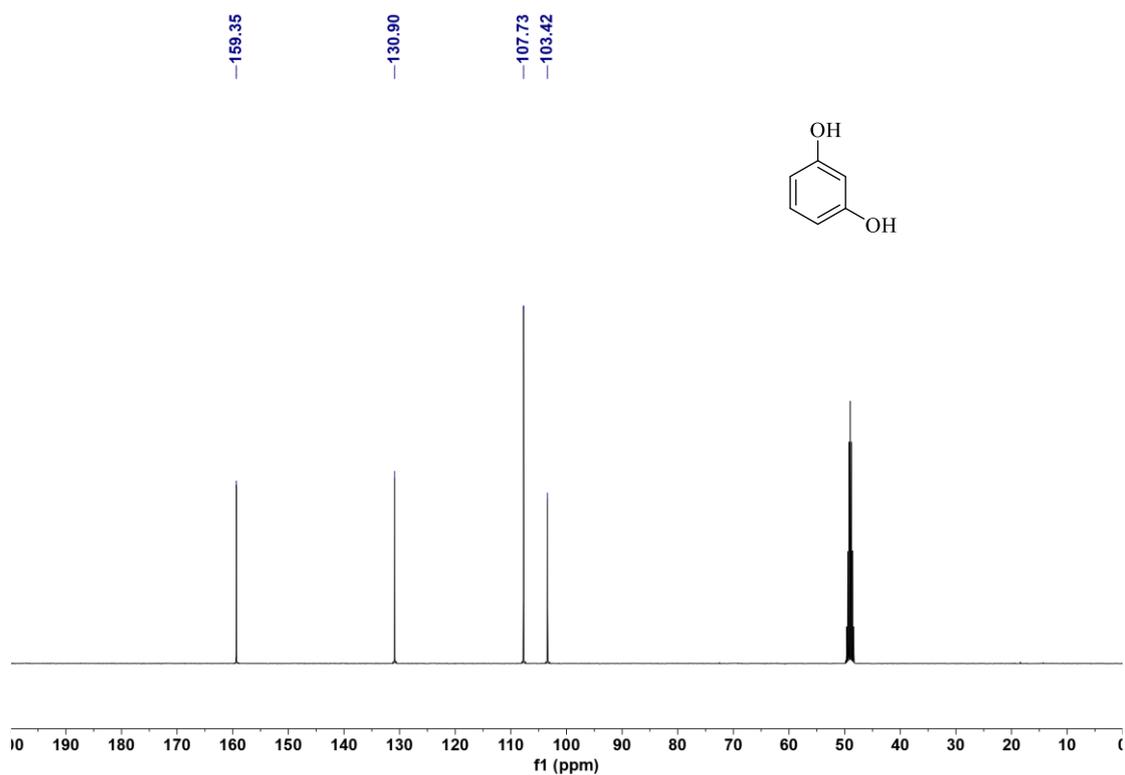


Figure S20: The ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of **2**

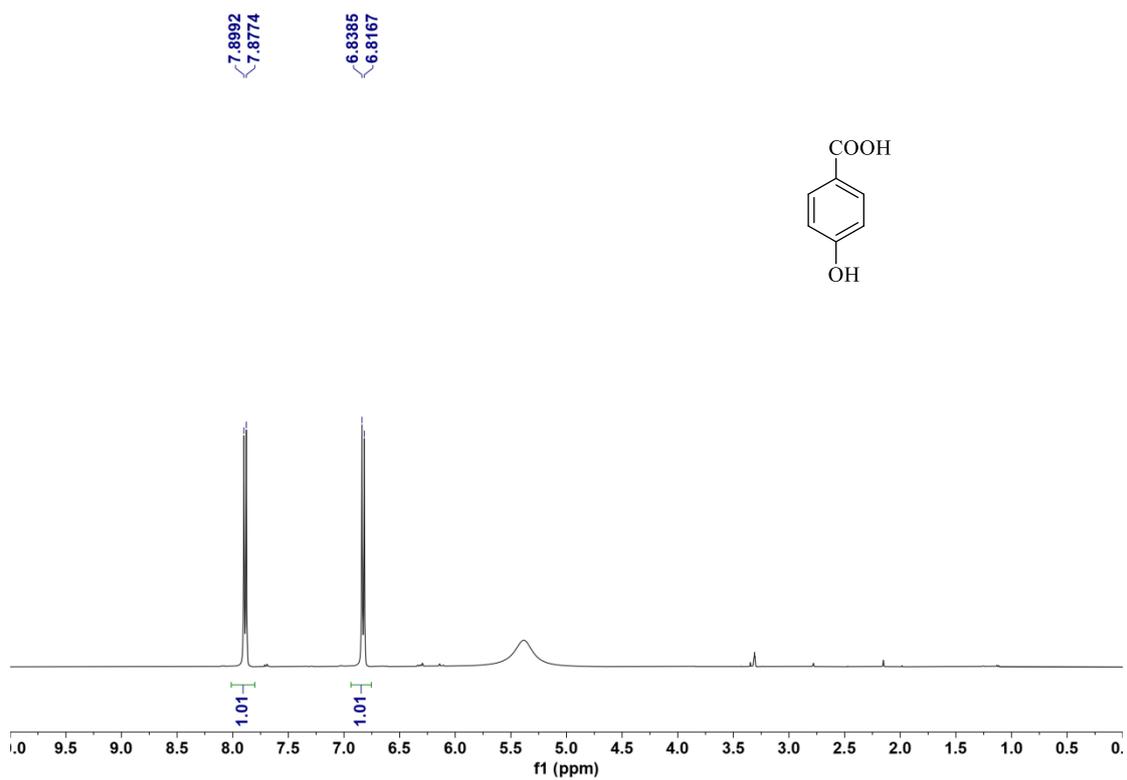


Figure S21: The ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of **3**

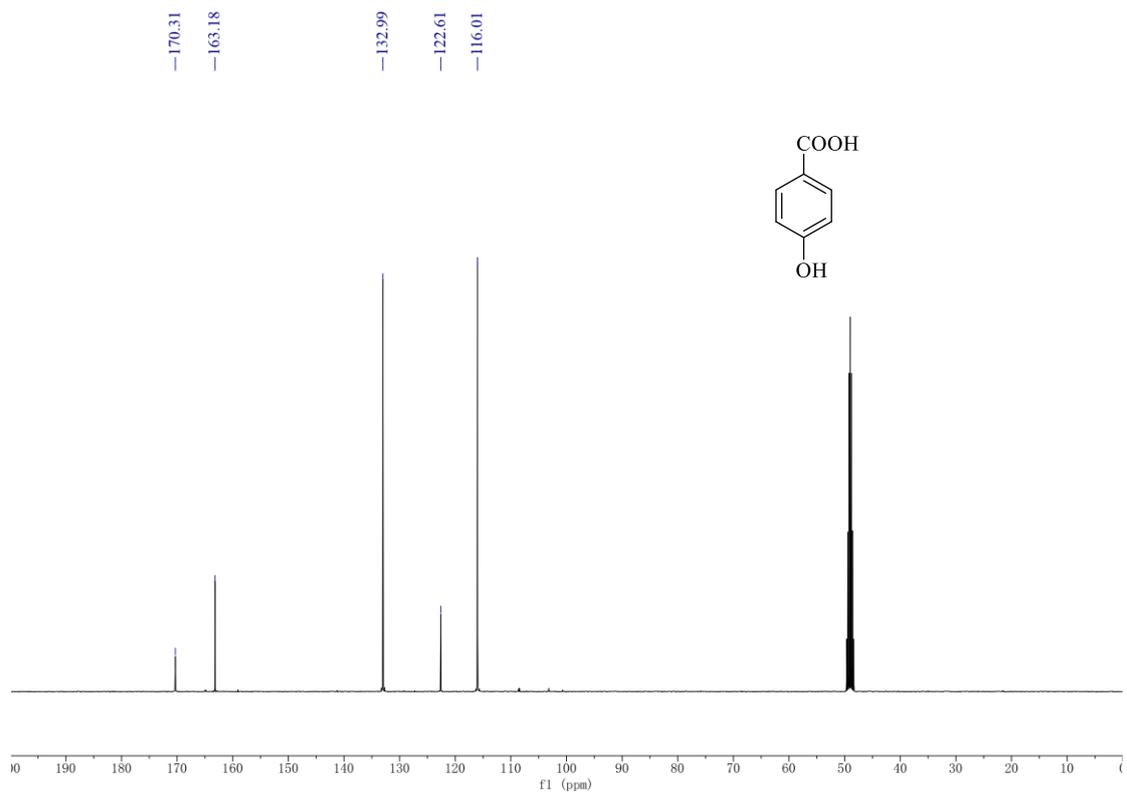


Figure S22: The ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of **3**

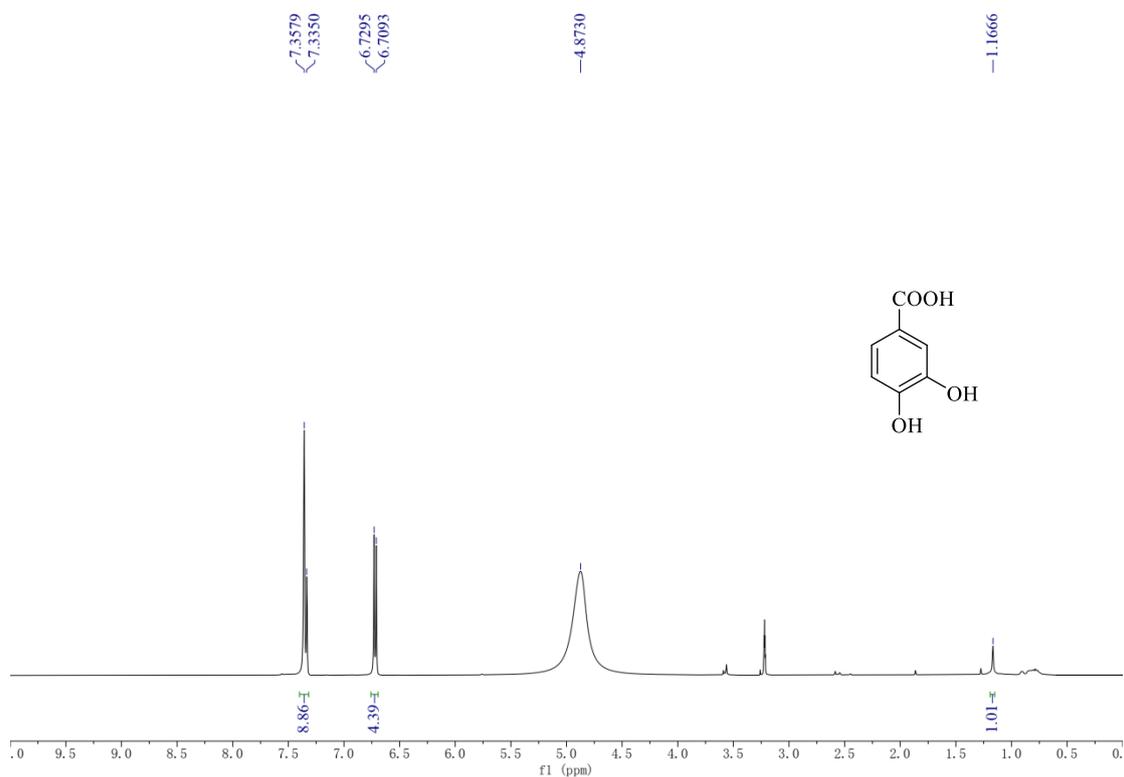


Figure S23: The ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of **4**

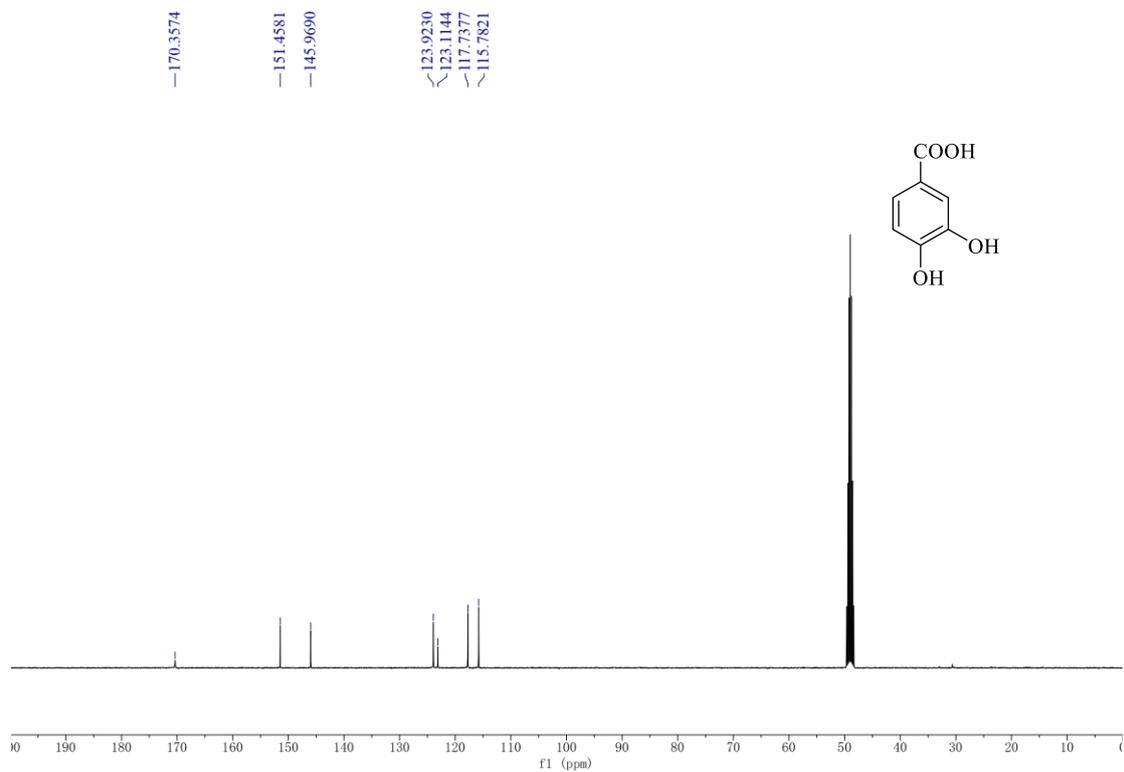


Figure S24: The ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of **4**



Figure S25: The image of the *Citrus hystrix*

The herbarium number of *Citrus hystrix* registered at <https://sweetgum.nybg.org/science/ih/> was 3787305.

Figure S26: The exact search report from scifinder of 1

Figure S27: The 95%-98% similarity search report from scifinder of 1

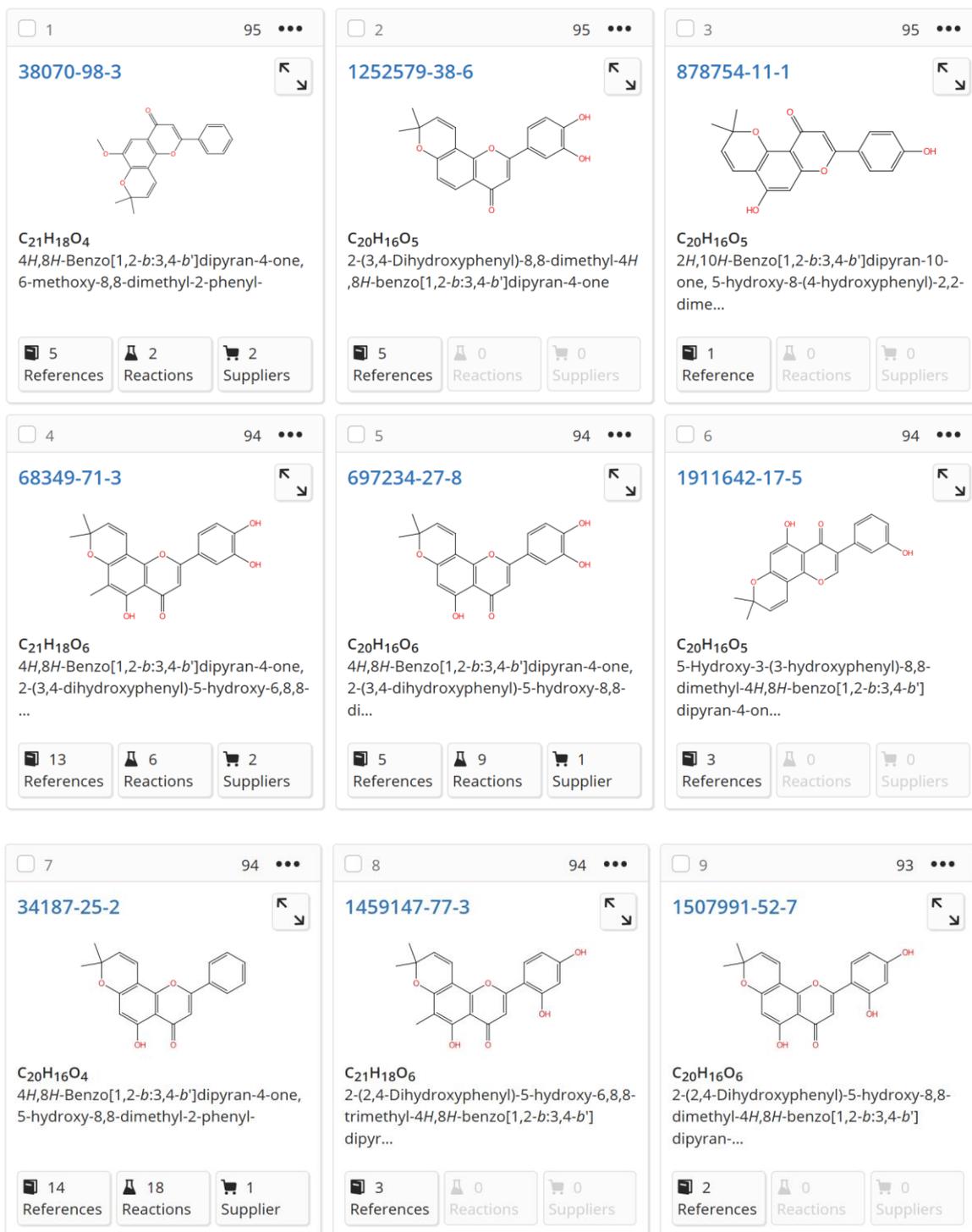
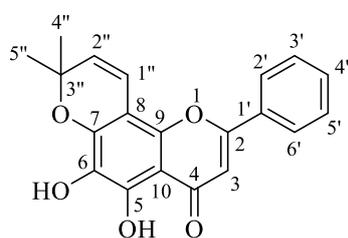
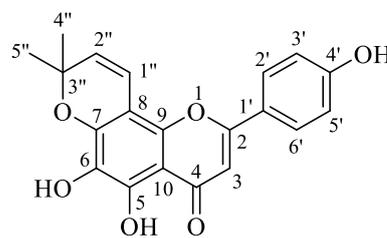


Figure S28: The 94%-95% similarity search report from scifinder of **1**

Table S1: ^1H and ^{13}C NMR Data of Compound **1** in $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ and 5,6,4'-trihydroxyflavone in CDCl_3



5,6-dihydroxyflavone (**1**)



5,6,4'-trihydroxyflavone

No.	1		5,6,4'-trihydroxyflavone	
	δ_{C}	δ_{H}	δ_{C}	δ_{H}
2	162.9 s	-	159.4 s	-
3	104.6 d	6.93 s	99.4 d	6.21 s
4	182.4 s	-	175.4 s	-
5	147.3 s	-	160.1 s	-
6	129.8 s	-	135.4 s	-
7	147.5 s	-	150.9 s	-
8	101.2 s	-	101.3 s	-
9	144.2 s	-	146.0 s	-
10	104.7 s	-	103.7 s	-
1'	130.8 s	-	122.4 s	-
2'/6'	127.3 d	8.03 overlapped	129.4 d	8.04 d (8.8)
3'/5'	129.2 d	7.53 overlapped	115.6 d	6.92 d (8.8)
4'	132.0 d	7.53 overlapped	158.8 d	-
1''	114.7 d	6.86 d (8.9)	114.7 d	6.75 d (9.6)
2''	128.4 d	5.76 d (8.9)	127.2 d	5.56 d (10.0)
3''	78.0 s	-	78.1 s	-
4''/5''	27.6 q	1.41 s	28.0 q	1.41 s
5-OH	-	12.77 s	-	-

S1: Synthesis of 5,6-dihydroxyflavone (1)

Baicalein (1 equiv, 135 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 3-methyl-2-butenal (2 equiv, 84 mg, 1.0 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous pyridine (2 mL), and the reaction was performed by stirring the mixture under nitrogen at 110 °C for 10 hours. Then, the solution was reduced under a vacuum. The resulting mixture was directly subjected to silica gel column eluted with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (ratio 8:2) to afford compound **1** as a yellow solid (59 mg, 0.175 mmol, 35%).

S2: DPPH Radical Scavenging Assay

The DPPH assay was carried out as previously described [1-4]. L-Ascorbic acid was used as positive controls, and reaction mixtures containing 100 μ L of 200 μ M DPPH solution and 100 μ L of 2-fold serial dilutions of the sample with concentrations in the range of 160, 80, 40, 20, 10, 5, and 2.5 μ M were placed in a 96-well microplate and incubated at 37 °C for 30 min. After incubation, the absorbance was read at 517 nm by an Emax precision microplate reader, and the mean of three readings was obtained. Scavenging activity was calculated by the following equation:

$$\text{Level of inhibition (\%)} = [1 - (A_{\text{control}} - A_{\text{sample}})/A_{\text{control}}] \times 100\%$$

The IC₅₀ value was obtained through extrapolation from linear regression analysis and denoted the concentration of sample required to scavenge 50% of DPPH radicals.

S3: ABTS Radical Scavenging Assay

The ABTS assay was carried out as previously described [1-4]. The ABTS⁺ radical was obtained by the reaction of a 6 mM ABTS solution in water with potassium persulfate (2.45 mM) without light at 25 °C for 16 h before use. The absorbance of the ABTS⁺ dilution was regulated with ethanol to 0.70 \pm 0.02 at 734 nm at 25 °C. L-Ascorbic acid was used as positive controls, and reaction mixtures containing 100 μ L of ABTS solution and 2-fold serial dilutions of the sample with concentrations in the range of 30, 15, 7.5, 3.75, 1.875, and 0.9375 μ M were placed in a 96-well microplate and incubated at 25 °C for 30 min. After incubation, the absorbance was read at 734 nm by an Emax precision microplate reader, and the mean of three readings was obtained. Scavenging activity was calculated by the following equation:

$$\text{Level of inhibition (\%)} = [1 - (A_{\text{control}} - A_{\text{sample}})/A_{\text{control}}] \times 100\%$$

The IC₅₀ value was obtained through extrapolation from linear regression analysis and denoted the concentration of sample required to scavenge 50% of ABTS radicals.

References

- [1] H.M. Zhang, C.F. Wang, S.M. Shen, G.L. Wang, P. Liu, Z.M. Liu, Y.Y. Wang, S.S. Du, Z.L. Liu and Z.W. Deng (2012). Antioxidant phenolic compounds from Pu-erh tea, *Molecules* **17**, 14037-14045.
- [2] A. Ertas, H. Cakirca, I. Yener, M. Akdeniz, M. Firat, M. G. Topcu and U. Kolak (2021). Bioguided Isolation of Secondary Metabolites from *Salvia cerino-pruinosa* Rech. f. var. *cerino-pruinosa*, *Rec. Nat. Prod.* **15**, 585-592
- [3] H. Kiziltas, A.C. Gören, Z. Bingöl, S. H. Alwasel and I. Gulcin (2021). Anticholinergic, antidiabetic

- and antioxidant activities of *Ferula orientalis* L. Determination of Its Polyphenol Contents by LC-HRMS, *Rec. Nat. Prod.* **15**, 513-528.
- [4] H. Kiziltas, Z. Bingöl, A.C. Gören, S. M. Pinar, S.H. Alwasel, and İ. Gülçin (2021). LC-HRMS profiling of phytochemicals, antidiabetic, anticholinergic and antioxidant activities of evaporated ethanol extract of *Astragalus brachycalyx* Fischer, *J. Chem. Metrol.* **15**, 135-151.